

THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT DM/OPPBA Gender distribution of staff in the Professional and higher categories Percentage of women in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more in the United Nations Secretariat and DM/OPPBA as at 31 December 2010 100 90 UN Secretariat 80 DM/OPPBA 65.0 70 58.8 53.5 53.3 60 50.0 50.0 50.0 50 41.3 36.3 40 33.3 30.3 29.1 27.6 25.0 30 24.5 20 10 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 USG ASG D-2 D-1 P-5 P-4 P-3 P-2 P-1

Trends in the representation of women in the Professional and higher categories – 2000 to 2010

During the period **2000-2010 in the UN Secretariat**, the proportion of women increased by **3.3 percentage points**, from **35.5%** (1785 out of 5034) in 2000 to **38.8%** (3,945 out of 10,175) in 2010.

During the period **2000- 2010 in DM/OPPBA**, the proportion of women **decreased** by **1.4 percentage points**, from **51.4%** (54 out of 105) in 2000 to **50.0%** (72 out of 144) in 2010.

III 2010.									
Level	% of women as of 31 Dec 2000	% of women as of 31 Dec 2010	Total change 2000-2010 (percentage points)	Average annual change 2000-2010 (percentage points)	Level	% of women as of 31 Dec 2000	% of women as of 31 Dec 2010	Total change 2000-2010 (percentage points)	Average annual change 2000-2010 (percentage points)
USG	8.6	29.1	20.5	2.1	USG	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ASG	11.8	25	13.2	1.3	ASG	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D-2	18.4	24.5	6.2	0.6	D-2	0.0	50.0	50.0	5.0
D-1	30.3	27.6	-2.7	-0.3	D-1	60.0	33.3	-26.7	-2.7
P-5	31.0	30.3	-0.7	-0.1	P-5	57.1	58.8	1.7	0.2
P-4	31.8	36.3	4.6	0.5	P-4	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
P-3	39.6	41.3	1.8	0.2	P-3	51.4	50.0	-1.4	-0.1
P-2	48.0	53.5	5.6	0.6	P-2	62.5	53.3	-9.2	-0.9
P-1	50	65	15.0	1.5	P-1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

 As of 31 December 2010, women in the UN Secretariat constituted: 38.8% (3,945 out of 10,175) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more; 26.9% (207 out of 770) of all staff at the D-1 level and above; 39.7% (3,738 out of 9,405) of all staff at the P level; Gender balance has only been achieved at the P-2 (53.5%) and P-1 (65%) levels. Largest increase: USG (20.5% from 8.6% in Dec. 2000 to 29.1% in Dec. 2010) and in ASG level(13.2% from 11.8% in Dec. 2000 to 25% in 2010); Largest decrease: D-1 (-2.7% from 30.3% in Dec 2000 to 27.6% in Dec 2010) 	 As of 31 December 2010, women in DM/OPPBA constituted: 50% (72 out of 144) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more; 35.7% (5 out of 14) of all staff at the D-1 level and above; 51.5% (67out of 130) of all staff at the P level; Gender balance has been achieved at the D-2 (50%), P-5 (58.8%), P-4 (50%), P-3 (50%) and P-2 (53.3%) levels. Largest increase: D-2 (50% from 0% in Dec. 2000 to 50% in Dec. 2010); Largest decrease: D-1 (-26.7% from 60% in Dec 2000 to 33.3% in Dec 2010)
Promotions appointments and separations in the Professi	onal and higher categories – 1 January 2008 to 31 December 2009
* PROMOTIONS *	* PROMOTIONS *
 Promotions of women accounted for 47.6% (435 out of 914) of all promotions to the P-2 to D-1 levels, 31.2% (25 out of 80) of promotions to the D-1 level, and 49.2% (410 out of 834) of promotions to the P-2 to P-5 levels. Gender parity in promotions was only met at the P-2 (66.7%) and P-3 (52.2%) levels. Lowest proportion: 31.3% (25 out of 80) at the D-1 level 	 Promotions of women accounted for 50% (16 out of 32) of all promotions to the P-2 to D-1 levels, 0% (0 out of 3) at the D-1 and D-2 levels, and 55.2% (16 out of 29) of promotions to the P-2 to P-5 levels. Gender parity in promotions was met at the P-5 (80%) and P-4 (58.3%) levels. Lowest proportion: 0% (0 out of 3) at the D-1 level
* APPOINTMENTS *	* APPOINTMENTS *
 Appointments of women represented 42.7% (1,743 out of 4,085) of all appointments from the P-1 to the USG levels, 23.5% (4 out of 17) at the USG level, 22.9% (8 out of 35) at the ASG level, 26.1% (57 out of 218) at the D-1 level and above and 43.6% (1,686 out of 3,867) at the P-1 to P-5 levels. Gender parity in appointments was only met at the P-1 level (62.1%) and P-2 level (58.0%). Lowest proportion: 21.6% (11 out of 51) at the D-2 level 	 Appointments of women represented 45.8% (33 out of 72) of all appointments from the P-1 to the USG level, 80% (1 out of 1) at the D-1 level and above and 43.3% (29 out of 67) at the P-1 to P-5 levels. Gender parity in appointments was met at the D-2 (100%), D-1(100%), P-3 (62.5%), and P-2 (66.7%) levels. Lowest proportion: 0% (0 out of 1) at the USG and P-5 levels
* SEPARATIONS *	* SEPARATIONS *
 3,751 staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more separated out of a total of 10,118 staff. Separations of women constituted: 42.8% (1,607 out of 3,751) of all separations in the Professional and higher categories. 26.4% (72 out of 273) at the D-1 level and above 44.1% (1,535 out of 3,478) at the Professional level (P-1 through P-5), Major causes of separation: Women constituted 44.3% (1,153 out of 2,601) of appointments expirations, 42.7% (226 out of 529) of resignations, and 37.0% (133 out of 359) of mandatory retirements. 	 Separations of women constituted: 49.3% (40 out of 81) of all separations in the Professional and higher categories. 66.7% (4 out of 6) at the D-1 level and above 48% (36 out of 75) at the Professional level (P-1 through P-5) Highest proportion: 100% (1 out of 1) at the D-2 level; 61.5% (24 out of 39) at the P-3 level.